

NHS Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland Integrated Care Board (LLR ICB)

Public Privacy Notice: how your information is used

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Version 1	The Public Privacy Notices for LLR CCGs have been updated to reflect the transition to Leicester, Leicestershire, and Rutland Integrated Care Board (LLR ICB) from 1 July 2022.	June 2022
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Public Privacy Notice – NHS Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland Integrated Care Board

Introduction

The Health and Social Care Bill 2021 received Royal Assent in April 2022 which supported the disestablishment of the NHS East Leicestershire and Rutland CCG, NHS West Leicestershire CCG and NHS Leicester City CCG (hereafter the LLR CCGs) on 30 June 2022 and the establishment of the Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland Integrated Care Board (LLR ICB) from 1 July 2022.

Each Integrated Care System (ICS) will have an Integrated Care Board (ICB), a statutory organisation bringing the NHS together locally to improve population health and establish shared strategic priorities within the NHS. Under the ICS structure, the LLR ICB will take on legal responsibility for NHS Resources and commissioning of services within their footprint, i.e., services will be provided for the people of Leicester, Leicestershire, and Rutland.

The NHS LLR ICB is committed to protecting and respecting your privacy.

The NHS LLR ICB has various roles and responsibilities, but a major part of our work involves making sure that:

- contracts are in place with local health service providers.
- routine and emergency NHS services are available to patients.
- those services provide high quality care and value for money; and
- paying those services for the care and treatment they have provided.

This is called “commissioning” and is explained in more detail on our website.

Accurate, timely and relevant information is essential for our work to help us to design and plan current and future health and care services, evidence and review our decisions and manage budgets.

As the NHS LLR ICB organisation, our purpose is not to provide direct care and so we do not routinely hold or receive information about patients and service users in relation to care. We do however sometimes hold information from which people can be identified to enable us to fulfil our responsibilities as outlined above and this is explained in this notice.

Control of Patient Information Regulations (COPI) - Corona Virus Update:

The Secretary of State for Health & Social Care had given Notice under Regulation 3(4) of the Health Service Control of Patient Information Regulations 2002 that the NHS LLR CCGs are required to process and share necessary health and social care data. This is for the purposes set out in Regulation 3 (1) Health Service Control of Patient Information Regulations 2002 and for the ‘COVID-19 Purpose’ as set out in the Secretary of States Notice. This Notice allowed the NHS LLR CCGs to process confidential patient information and dissemination of information to a person or organisation permitted to process confidential patient information under Regulation 3(3) of COPI. The first COPI Notice was applied on 20 March 2020 and the final extension of the notice expired on 30 June 2022.

As of 1 July 2022, processing of personal data must continue to be compliant with the UK Data law such as UK General Data Protection Regulations (UK GDPR) and Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA 2018).

What is a Privacy Notice?

We respect your right with regards to data privacy and data protection when you communicate (online or offline) with us through our various websites, offline programs and events.

What information do we collect?

Find out what information we collect about you, what types of personal data we handle and what we do with that information.

Your Rights

UK data protection laws give you several rights in relation to the information that NHS LLR ICB holds about you.

SECTION 1: What is a Privacy Notice?

A Privacy Notice is a statement that describes how the NHS LLR ICB collects, uses, retains and discloses personal information. Different organisations sometimes use different terms and it can be referred to as a privacy statement, a fair processing notice or a privacy policy.

To ensure that we process your personal data fairly and lawfully we are required to inform you:

- Why we need your data
- How it will be used
- Who it will be shared with

This information also explains what rights you have to control how we use your information.

The law determines how organisations can use personal information. The key laws are: The Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA), the Human Rights Act 1998 (HRA), and the Common Law Duty of Confidentiality, along with health specific legislation such as the Health and Social Care Act 2012.

Within these pages we describe instances where the NHS LLR ICB is the “Data Controller”, for the purposes of the Data Protection Act 2018, and where we direct or commission the processing of patient data to help deliver better healthcare, or to assist the management of healthcare services.

The NHS LLR ICB recognises the importance of protecting personal and confidential information in all that we do, all we direct or commission, and takes care to meet its legal duties.

The following outlines the management of the notice, contact details for the NHS LLR ICB and access to the relevant legislation.

Complaints about how we process your personal information

In the first instance, you should contact the Corporate Governance Team:

Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland Integrated Care Board (LLR ICB)
Room G30, Pen Lloyd Building
County Hall, Glenfield
Leicester LE3 8TB

Telephone: 0116 295 7572

Email: llricb-llr.enquiries@nhs.net

If, however, you are not satisfied that your complaint has been resolved, you have the right to contact the Information Commissioner to request an independent investigation of your complaint:

Information Commissioner's Office
Wycliffe House
Water Lane
Wilmslow SK9 5AF
ico.org.uk
Telephone: 0303 123 1113

Changes to our Privacy Notice

We keep our privacy notice under regular review and we will place any updates on this web page. This notice was last updated in **July 2022**.

Data Protection Notification

We have notified the Information Commissioner that we process personal data and the details are publicly available from their office as detailed above.

Our Registration number with the ICO is: **ZB345877**

How to contact us

Please contact us via our Data Protection Officer if you have any questions about our privacy notice or information, we hold about you:

Data Protection Officer (DPO): Daljit Kaur Bains - Head of Corporate Governance
Corporate Governance Team
Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland Integrated Care Board (LLR ICB)
Room G30, Pen Lloyd Building
County Hall, Glenfield
Leicester, LE3 8TB.

Telephone: 0116 295 3405 (reception)

Email: llricb-llr.enquiries@nhs.net

SECTION 2: What information do we collect?

- [What information do we collect about you?](#)
- [How will we use information about you?](#)
- [Sharing your information](#)
- [Retaining information](#)
- [Security of your information](#)

What information do we collect about you?

We only collect and use your information for the lawful purposes of administering the business of NHS LLR ICB.

We process personal information to enable us to support the provision of healthcare services to patients, maintain our own accounts and records, promote our services, and to support and manage our employees. In order to do so effectively we are often required to process personal data, that which identifies a living individual.

We also process special category data. This is personal data which the Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA 2018) says is more sensitive, and so needs more protection:

- Racial and ethnic origin
- Offences (including alleged offences), criminal proceedings, outcomes and sentences
- Trade union membership
- Religious or similar beliefs
- Employment tribunal applications, complaints, accidents, and incident details

This information will generally relate to our staff, covered by the Privacy Notice for Staff. In terms of patient information, the special category data we process includes:

- Physical or mental health details
- Racial and ethnic origin
- Sexual orientation

How the NHS and care services use your information and Your Choices

Whenever you use a health or care service, such as attending Accident & Emergency or using Community Care services, important information about you is collected to help ensure you get the best possible care and treatment.

The information collected about you when you use these services can also be provided to other approved organisations, where there is a legal basis, to help with planning services, improving care provided, research into developing new treatments and preventing illness. All of this help to provide better health and care for you, your family and future generations. Confidential personal information about your health and care is only used in this way, where allowed by law and would never be used for insurance or marketing purposes without your explicit consent.

You have a choice about whether you want your confidential patient information to be used in this way.

To find out more about the wider use of confidential personal information and to register

your choice to 'opt out' if you do not want your data to be used in this way, visit www.nhs.uk/my-data-choice. If you do choose to 'opt out,' you can still consent to your data being used for specific purposes.

If you are happy with this use of information, you do not need to do anything. However, you can change your choice at any time.

The National Fraud Initiative

The NHS LLR ICB is required to protect the public funds it administers. It may share information provided to it with other bodies responsible for auditing, or administering public funds, or where, undertaking a public function, in order to prevent and detect fraud.

The Cabinet Office is responsible for carrying out data matching exercises. Data matching involves comparing computer records held by one body against other computer records held by the same or another body to see how far they match. This is usually personal information. Computerised data matching allows potentially fraudulent claims and payments to be identified. Where a match is found it may indicate that there is an inconsistency which requires further investigation. No assumption can be made as to whether there is fraud, error or other explanation until an investigation is carried out.

We participate in the [Cabinet Office's National Fraud Initiative](#): a data matching exercise to assist in the prevention and detection of fraud. We are required to provide particular sets of data to the Minister for the Cabinet Office for matching for each exercise.

The use of data by the Cabinet Office in a data matching exercise is carried out with statutory authority under Part 6 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014.

Data matching by the Cabinet Office is subject to a [Code of Practice](#). Should you wish to know more information on this [Fair Processing Notice please see the more detailed full text](#). View further information on the [Cabinet Office's legal powers](#) and the reasons why it matches particular information. For further information on data matching at this authority contact the Data Protection Officer, Stephen Jones at dpo@cabinetoffice.gov.uk.

Legal basis for processing

For UK GDPR purposes the NHS LLR ICBs' lawful basis for processing is Article 6(1)(e) – '...exercise of official authority...', or where there is a legal obligation to share information Article 6(1)(c) – processing is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation to which the controller is subject.

Automated Decision Making

The NHS LLR ICB do not use automated individual decision- making (making a decision solely by automated means without any human involvement).

Retaining information

Information in the LLR ICB is held for a specific length of time depending on the type of information it is. The length of time we retain your information for is defined by the NHS retention schedule which can be viewed online here: [NHSx Records Management Code of Practice 2021](#)

Once information has been reviewed and is no longer required to be kept by a retention period, the information will be securely destroyed.

Paper records are destroyed via a contract which the Leicestershire County Council hold; services and electronic records are deleted by individuals in line with the information governance policy and the national records management code of practice.

Security of your information

The NHS LLR ICB takes its duty to protect your personal information and confidentiality seriously. We are committed to taking all reasonable measures to ensure the confidentiality and security of personal data for which we are responsible, whether computerised or on paper.

Alongside the [Data Protection Officer](#) (DPO), we have appointed a Senior Information Risk Owner (SIRO) who is accountable for the management of all information assets and any associated risks and incidents, and a 'Caldicott Guardian' who is responsible for the management of patient information and patient confidentiality.

All staff are required to undertake annual [information governance](#) training and are provided with policies and procedures to adhere to. This includes Information Governance Code of Conduct that staff are required to read and comply with. The Information Governance Policy ensures that staff are aware of their information governance responsibilities and follow best practice guidelines ensuring the necessary safeguards and appropriate use of person-identifiable and confidential information.

Under the NHS Confidentiality Code of Conduct, all our staff are also required to protect your information and inform you of how your information will be used. This includes, in most circumstances, allowing you to decide if and how your information can be shared.

Everyone working for the NHS is subject to the common law duty of confidentiality. Information provided in confidence will only be used for the purposes advised and consented to by the service user unless it is required or permitted by the law.

SECTION 3: Your Rights

1. [The right to be informed](#)
2. [The right of access](#)
3. [The right to rectification](#)
4. [The right to erasure](#)
5. [The right to restrict processing](#)
6. [The right to data portability](#)
7. [The right to object](#)
8. [Rights in relation to automated decision making and profiling](#)
9. [The right to withdraw consent](#)

The right to be informed

You have the right to be informed about the collection and use of your personal data. This [privacy notice](#) is one of the key methods for the NHS LLR ICB to provide you with this

information. In addition to this notice, we will provide you with more specific information at the time we collect personal data from you, such as when you apply for Continuing Healthcare or make a complaint to us.

The right of access

You have the right to ask us for confirmation of whether we process data about you and if we do, to have access to that data so you are aware and can verify the lawfulness of the processing.

You can make your own application to see the information we hold about you, or you can authorise someone else to make an application on your behalf. A child's parent or guardian, a patient representative, or a person appointed by the Court may also apply. If you wish to ask us for confirmation of whether we process data about you or access your personal data, then please contact the Corporate Governance Team at the NHS LLR ICB.

The right to rectification

You are entitled to have personal data that we hold about you rectified if it is inaccurate or incomplete. If we have passed the data concerned on to others, we will contact each recipient and inform them of the rectification - unless this proves impossible or involves disproportionate effort. If this is the case, we will explain to you why.

The right to erasure

You have the right to have personal data we hold about you erased and to prevent processing in specific circumstances:

- Where the personal data is no longer necessary in relation to the purpose for which it was originally collected/processed
- If you withdraw your consent for us to process your data (if this was the basis on which it was collected)
- The personal data was unlawfully processed (i.e. a breach of UK data protection laws)
- The personal data has to be erased in order to comply with a legal obligation.

However, if we have collected and are processing data about you to comply with a legal obligation for the performance of a public interest task or exercise of official authority, i.e., because we have a legal duty to do so in our functioning as the NHS LLR ICB, then the right to erasure does not apply.

The right to restrict processing

You have the right to 'block' or suppress processing of your personal data which means that if you exercise this right, we can still store your data but not to further process it and will retain just enough information about you to ensure that the restriction is respected in future.

You can ask us to restrict the processing of your personal data in the following circumstances:

- ✓ If you contest the accuracy of the data, we hold about you we will restrict the processing until the accuracy of the data has been verified
- ✓ If we are processing your data as it is necessary for the performance of a public

- interest task and you have [objected](#) to the processing, we will restrict processing while we consider whether our legitimate grounds for processing are overriding
- If the processing of your personal data is found to be unlawful but you oppose [erasure](#) and request restriction instead; or
 - If we no longer need the data we hold about you, but you require the data to establish, exercise or defend a legal claim.

If we have disclosed the personal data in question to others, we will contact each recipient and inform them of the restriction on the processing of the personal data - unless this proves impossible or involves disproportionate effort. If asked to, we must also inform you about these recipients.

We will inform you if we decide to lift a restriction on processing.

The right to data portability

The right to data portability allows you to obtain and reuse your personal data for your own purposes across different services. It allows you to move, copy or transfer personal data easily from one IT environment to another in a safe and secure way, without hindrance to usability although it only applies where we are processing your personal data based on your consent for us to do so or for the performance of a contract and where the processing is carried out by automated means. This means that currently, the NHS LLR ICB does not hold any data which would be subject to the right to data portability.

The right to object

Where the NHS LLR ICB processes personal data about you on the basis of being required to do so for the performance of a task in the public interest/exercise of official authority, you have a right to object to the processing.

You must have an objection on grounds relating to your particular situation. If you raise an objection, we will no longer process the personal data we can demonstrate compelling legitimate grounds for the processing which override your interests, rights and freedoms or the processing is for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims.

Rights in relation to automated decision making and profiling

As the NHS LLR ICB does not make any decisions based solely on automated processing, individuals' rights in relation to personal data processed in this way are not applicable.

The right to withdraw consent

If the NHS LLR ICB processes data about you on the basis that you have given your consent for us to do so, you have the right to withdraw that consent at any time. Where possible, we will make sure that you are able to withdraw your consent using the same method as when you gave it. If you withdraw your consent, we will stop the processing as soon as possible.

Consent can be withdrawn by contacting the **Data Protection Officer (Head of Corporate Governance)** at the NHS LLR ICB.

NHS Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland Integrated Care Board (LLR ICB)
Room G30, Pen Lloyd Building
County Hall, Glenfield
Leicester LE3 8TB

Telephone: 0116 295 3504

Email: llricb-llr.enquiries@nhs.net

APPENDIX 1

How will NHS Leicester, Leicestershire, and Rutland Integrated Care Board use information about you

NHS Continuing Healthcare (CHC)

NHS CHC is explained by NHS Choices [here](#). The NHS Commissioning Board and the LLR ICB (Responsibilities and Standing Rules) Regulations 2012, Part 6 places a duty on the NHS LLR ICB to make provision for, i.e., provide CHC services. Our CHC services are provided through Midlands and Lancashire Commissioning Support Unit (ML CSU) whom we have commissioned to act as data processors in relation to our CHC services. To determine if someone is eligible for CHC and to then arrange a care and support package that meets their assessed needs, information about the individual will need to be collected, reviewed and shared with care providers such as care homes. As the LLR ICB has a duty to provide CHC services, this requires the collection of information about individuals for this purpose, the use of that information and the sharing of it with third parties who need to be involved in the process; we will make sure that we keep the individual concerned informed at all times of who will be providing or receiving data about them and why. An individual receiving care or their representative may apply for a review of an ICB's decision to decline funding by an [Independent Review Panel](#). The independent review process is coordinated by the NHS CHC team in NHS England.

Sources of personal data	Categories of personal data	Recipients of personal data	Legal basis for Processing
The sources of personal data include; Persons who will receive CHC services, Representatives of persons who will receive CHC services e.g. family members, lawyers, Care Homes, GPs, Hospitals and other Providers we commission	The information the LLR ICB uses to assess eligibility, and which may be submitted to an Independent Review Panel, fall under the following headings: Behaviour, cognition (understanding), communication, psychological/emotional needs, mobility, nutrition (food and drink), continence, skin (including wounds and ulcers), breathing symptom, control through drug therapies and medication altered states of consciousness and other significant needs. The obtained records that relate to these areas may include Care Home records, Health Records (for example GP, Hospital, Mental Health, District Nursing) and Social Care Records.	Personal data relating to a CHC application is received by: Midlands and Lancashire Commissioning Support Unit (ML CSU), Continuing Healthcare teams, Internally in the LLR ICB by the Clinical, Quality & Performance team, Personalised Commissioning team and the Corporate Governance team. The members of an independent review panel (at NHS England). An independent review panel is made up of; an independent lay member chair, a representative nominated by the LLR ICB (not involved in the case), a representative nominated by a Local Authority (not involved in the case); and at times there is also a clinical advisor in attendance.	For UK GDPR purposes the LLR ICBs' lawful basis for processing is Article 6(1) (e) – '...exercise of official authority...' And for the processing of special categories (health) data, the ICBs lawful basis is Article 9(2) (h) – '...health or social care...'

Individual Funding Requests (IFRs)

The NHS has a duty to spend the money it receives from the Government in a fair way, taking into account the health needs of the whole community. The LLR ICB's role is to ensure it gets best value for this money by spending it wisely on behalf of the public.

The LLR ICB pay for local NHS health services and NHS England pays for highly specialised health services. The LLR ICB have a legal duty to provide health services for patients with the fixed amount of money they have received from the Government. They have a legal duty not to spend more than this. This means that some hard choices have to be made. Not all treatments can be provided by the NHS. Treatments that are limited by the LLR ICB are shown in the relevant policies in our website.

However, the LLR ICB know that there will always be times when a patient would benefit from a particular treatment not usually provided by the NHS. To apply for this treatment, an Individual Funding Request (IFR) is made to allow the ICB to consider these requests, access to both personal and health information regarding the individual to whom the request relates is required. As the National Health Service Commissioning Board and the ICBs (Responsibilities and Standing Rules) Regulations 2012, Part 7, Regulation 34 places a duty on ICBs in respect of the funding and commissioning of drugs and other treatments, this provides the ICB with a legal basis to use personal data as part of this process.

Sources of personal data	Categories of personal data	Recipients of personal data	Legal basis for Processing
The information is provided by a clinician who submits an IFR application form on behalf of a patient.	<p>The IFR application form includes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> NHS number Name and address Date of birth GP details Diagnosis Requested intervention and other information relevant to the request Gender and ethnicity are also collected and held in anonymous form for equality monitoring. 	<p>Applications are considered by an independent panel who have not been involved in your treatment. The panel is made up of doctors, nurses, public health experts, pharmacists, LLR ICB representatives and lay members and is led by an independent lay member chair.</p>	<p>For UK GDPR purposes the LLR ICB lawful basis for processing is Article 6(1) (e) – ‘...exercise of official authority...’ For the processing of special categories (health) data the lawful basis is Article 9(2)(h) – ‘...health or social care...’.</p>

Complaints and Enquiries

Most NHS care and treatment goes well but sometimes things can go wrong. If you are unhappy with your care or the service you have received, it is important to let us know so we can improve. When the LLR ICB receives a complaint, to allow it to be fairly and thoroughly managed, in most cases personal information will be required. The LLR ICB have a statutory duty (Section 6 of the Local Authority Social Services and NHS Complaints [England] Regulations (2009) (under section 113 “Complaints about Healthcare” of the Health and Social Care (Community Health and Standards) Act 2003)) which allow the processing of personal data in relation to complaints.

In order to process a complaint or concern, the LLR ICB will collect the relevant information at the point of contact to enable the team to provide a sufficient response to the request. The complaints and enquiries processes are managed by the LLR Corporate Governance Team.

Sources of personal data	Categories of personal data	Recipients of personal data	Legal basis for Processing
<p>The sources of personal data include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Patients Members of the public Patient representatives Members of Parliament ✓ Parliamentary and Health Service Ombudsman ✓ Other ICB's (with the consent of the individual) ✓ Provider organisations we commission (with the consent of the individual) ✓ NHS England (with the consent of the individual) 	<p>Information relating to complaints would generally include the following categories of personal data:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Patient's name Patient's address Patient's contact number GP Surgery Patient's NHS number Patient's date of birth Representative details (if applicable) ✓ Representative address (if applicable) ✓ The nature of the complaint 	<p>The recipients of personal data relating to complaints include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Any team within the LLR ICB that may receive an enquiry or complaint ✓ ML CSU who manages other services on behalf of the LLR ICB under contract ✓ Relevant providers (with the consent of the data subject) in order to fully investigate the complaint being made Members of Parliament Parliamentary and Health Service Ombudsman ✓ Other ICB's (with the consent of the individual) ✓ NHS England (with the consent of the individual) 	<p>For the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR) purposes the NHS LLR ICB for processing is Article 6(1)(e) ‘...exercise of official authority...’. For the processing of special categories data, the basis is Article 9(2)(h) ‘...health or social care...’.</p>

MP Enquiries

The LLR ICB has a responsibility for accounting to the public and to Parliament for policies, decisions and activities across the health and care sector. Accountability to Parliament will often be required through responses to parliamentary questions, enquiries from MPs on behalf of their constituents, and appearances before parliamentary committees. In doing so, the LLR ICB collect relevant information at the point of contact to enable the LLR ICB to provide a response to the request.

Sources of personal data	Categories of personal data	Recipients of personal data	Legal basis for Processing
<p>The sources of personal data include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> MP Constituent of the MP Parliament or DHSC Parliamentary and Health Service Ombudsman 	<p>The data collected by the LLR ICB is stored in the LLR Corporate Governance Team's central files. These will include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ An individual's name, contact information and any other information relating to the query ✓ MPs information 	<p>The information, including information about the member of the public and MP is used by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ LLR ICBs Accountable Officer ✓ LLR ICBs Clinical, Quality & Performance Directorate and the Communications and Engagement Team with the People & Innovation Directorate. ✓ Any other team within the LLR ICB that may directly receive such requests and/or hold any information relevant to the request <p>The Commissioning Support Unit under contract with LLR ICB in the handling of any relevant information that they hold.</p>	<p>For the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR) purposes, LLR ICB's lawful basis for processing is Article 6(1)(e) '...exercise of official authority...'. For the processing of special categories data, the basis is Article 9(2)(h) '...health or social care...'. </p>

Whistleblowing

Whistleblowing is the term used when a worker contacts us with a concern about an organisation and its services. The concern will typically (although not necessarily) be regarding something they have witnessed at work.

The LLR ICB can investigate cases relating to Providers it has a contract with.

Sources of personal data	Categories of personal data	Recipients of personal data	Legal basis for Processing
<p>Information will be provided by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ The whistleblower regarding themselves and those involved in the issues leading to the concerns raised Those considered at risk Providers we commission services from. 	<p>Data collected can be anonymous from the whistleblower depending on the nature in which the information is provided. Other times:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Name Contact details Specific elements relating to the concerns may be collected, i.e. personal information regarding another employee, or those concerned to be at risk (name, contact information etc.). 	<p>The information is used by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ LLR ICB and relevant teams for the purposes of investigation ✓ An alternative external body such as the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Fraud and corruption – NHS Counter Fraud Authority ○ Serious patient safety issues or issues relating to condition of registration – Care Quality Commission (CQC) ○ Allegations regarding a clinician’s fitness to practice – relevant professional regulator or healthcare body (CQC) ○ Safeguarding- Issues will be dealt with in accordance with the LLR ICB safeguarding policies. 	<p>For the UK GDPR purposes the LLR ICBs lawful basis for processing is Article 6(1)(e) ‘...exercise of official authority...’. For the processing of special categories data the basis is Article 9(2)(h) ‘...health or social care...’.</p>

Legal Processes and Claims

In certain situations, because of its commissioning responsibilities the LLR ICB is required to become involved in legal proceedings such as claims for compensation; court of protection orders; Coroner's Court; and court orders.

It is therefore necessary for it to process personal and special categories of data for the purpose of, or in connection with, legal proceedings (including prospective legal proceedings), for the purpose of obtaining legal advice, or for the purpose of establishing, exercising or defending legal rights. These legal proceedings include claims.

Sources of personal data	Categories of personal data	Recipients of personal data	Legal basis for Processing
<p>These will include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ An individual's name, contact information and any other information relating to the situation, including information about the care and treatment provided to the individual ✓ Information about the representative of an individual ✓ Information about the family and/or carers of an individual ✓ Information about the health and social care professionals involved in an individual's care ✓ Information about court officials 	<p>The sources of data include:</p> <p>The Courts Representatives of an individual Lawyers GPs and other Providers we commission Health and social care professionals involved in an individual's care</p>	<p>These include: The Courts Representatives of an individual Lawyers GPs and other Providers we commission ✓ Health and social care professionals involved in an individual's care</p>	<p>Where we process personal data for Court of Protection purposes, the legal basis for doing so is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Article 6(1)(c) – processing is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation to which the controller is subject - Article 6(1)(e) – processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller; or - Article 6(1)(f) – processing is necessary for the purposes of legitimate interests pursued by the controller. <p>Where we process special categories of personal data for these purposes, the legal basis for doing so is: Article 9(2)(f) –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -processing is necessary for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims; or -Article 9(2)(g) – processing is necessary for reasons of substantial public interest.

Communications, Stakeholder Engagement and Patient Experience

Patient and public participation is an essential part of the LLR ICBs way of working. It is one of the legal duties of the LLR ICB. We want to build strong and supportive communications and, patient experience and stakeholder engagement relationships, so that we can work in partnership and use people's experiences and views to inform our work.

LLR ICB offer various services to the public by giving them the opportunity to communicate, engage and share their experiences with us. These could be engaging with members of the public and professional colleagues regarding:

- Contacting the LLR ICB through its contact forms online. The latest news and information from the LLR ICB
- Providing consultation feedback opportunities on initiatives LLR ICB membership services
- Invitations to events and details on how to get involved; Survey activities
- Social media channels and opportunities such as Facebook, Twitter and Hootsuite Media enquiries

However, we only use these details to provide the service the person has requested and for other closely related purposes. For example, we might use information about people who have requested a publication to carry out a survey to find out if they are happy with the level of service they received or if the information is useful to them.

Any personal data received in response to communication, stakeholder and patient experience activities, is removed before responses are collated, analysed or disseminated. The LLR ICB may use an external provider (e.g. ML CSU) as a data processor to support our communication, stakeholder engagement and patient experience activities.

Sources of personal data	Categories of personal data	Recipients of personal data	Legal basis for Processing
<p>These include: Name, Age address and postcode E-mail address</p> <p>Whether the applicant can access e-mail</p> <p>Whether the applicant is a:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -patient or health service user (current or previously) -carer of a patient currently / previously using health services -representative of a patient organisation -Ability to use telephone, e-mail, and internet to communicate and take part in meetings 	<p>These include: Name, Age address and postcode, E-mail address, Whether the applicant can access e-mail</p> <p>Whether the applicant is a:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -patient or health service user (current or previously) -carer of a patient currently / previously using health services -representative of a patient organisation -Ability to use telephone, e-mail, and internet to communicate and take part in meetings -Ability to commit time 	<p>By LLR ICB teams in the routine course of their work with relevant stakeholders, e.g. at events, during consultations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -When members of the public voluntarily contact <p>The LLR ICB to be placed on a relevant mailing list for updates or to become members of the LLR ICB etc.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Our Partner organisations e.g., Local Authorities, Voluntary organisations, GPs, Provider organisations we commission, NHS England. 	<p>For the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR) purposes the LLR ICBs' lawful basis for processing is Article 6(1)(e) – ‘...exercise of official authority...’.</p>

<p>-Ability to commit time -Any access or support needs to enable participation</p>	<p>-Any access or support needs to enable participation</p>	<p>Categories of recipients Members of the public <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Our website data processor provider · Our mailing services data processor provider · Our surveys processing provider Internal LLR ICB staff Our Partner organisations e.g., Voluntary organisations, GP's, Provider organisations we commission, NHS England</p>	
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Improving Quality and Patient Safety

LLR ICB is committed to the improvement of quality and delivery of services. It has therefore set up and uses various processes to ensure the quality of care it commissions is excellent. To improve quality and for patient safety purposes, the ICB uses personal data and special category data, which include:

- Incident reporting

- Serious incidents requiring investigation (SIRI), evidence and reports relating to incidents under various policy and procedural structures

- Quality visits to our commissioned providers

- Safety alerts

An incident requiring investigation is defined as an incident that occurred in relation to NHS-funded services and care resulting in unexpected or avoidable death, harm or injury to patient, carer, staff or visitor. Improving quality and patient safety is managed internally by the LLR ICB Quality team.

Sources of personal data	Categories of personal data	Recipients of personal data	Legal basis for Processing
<p>Incident events are recorded across the LLR ICB, and from within all systems and services commissioned by the LLR ICB</p> <p>These include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Staff GPs Patients Commissioned acute provider organisations e.g. University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust, Leicestershire Partnership NHS Trust 	<p>The data received by the LLR ICB includes a record for each incident including (if relevant):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Patient or staff name NHS Number Other personal details, including relevant healthcare records Information about the incident, including others involved or impacted by the event. 	<p>The information is used by the relevant team or department together with Clinical, Quality & Performance Team, and Corporate Governance team-</p>	<p>For the UK GDPR purposes the LLR ICBs' lawful basis for processing is Article 6(1)(e) '...exercise of official authority...'. For the processing of special categories data the basis is Article 9(2)(h) '...health or social care...'</p>

Care and Treatment Reviews

Care and Treatment Reviews (CTRs), Transforming Care Programme (TCP), Individual Case Review and Best Interest Decision Reviews are part of the LLR ICBs commitment to transforming services for people with learning disabilities, autism or both. They are used by commissioners for people living in the community, in learning disability and mental health hospitals and care homes.

These activities also help to improve the quality-of-care people receive by asking key questions and making recommendations that lead to improvements in safety, care and treatment. They reduce the amount of time people spend in hospital and bring people together to help to sort out any problems which can keep people in hospital longer than necessary. They do this by helping to improve current and future care planning, including plans for leaving hospital.

Our Care and Treatment review process is managed internally within the LLR ICB.

Sources of personal data	Categories of personal data	Recipients of personal data	Legal basis for Processing
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Patients · Representatives of Patients · NHS Providers of health care e.g. hospitals · Care homes · Private providers 	LLR ICBs processes personal data to organise CTRs, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Name and home address · NHS number · Date of current admission and estimated date of discharge · Consent to the Care and Treatment Review · Date(s) and venue(s) of panel meeting(s) 	Patients Representatives of Patients Providers of health care (including the CTR panel members consisting of experts by experience)	For the UK GDPR purposes the LLR ICBs' lawful basis for processing is Article 6(1)(e) '...exercise of official authority...'. For the processing of special categories data the basis is Article 9(2)(h) '...health or social care...'.

Safeguarding

LLR ICB is dedicated to ensuring that the principles and duties of safeguarding adults and children are holistically, consistently and conscientiously applied with the wellbeing of all, at the heart of what it does.

Sources of personal data	Categories of personal data	Recipients of personal data	Legal basis for Processing
<p>LLR ICB will either receive or collect information when any person contacts the LLR ICB with safeguarding concerns or we believe there may be safeguarding concerns. These include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Members of Public Representative of people at risk ✓ The relevant Safeguarding Boards ✓ Local Authorities Police Healthcare professionals (i.e. their GP or mental health team) ✓ Providers we commission where relevant. 	<p>The data collected by the LLR ICB in the event of a safeguarding situation will be as much personal information as is necessary, or possible to obtain, in order to handle the situation.</p> <p>These include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Basic demographics and contact details ✓ Special category information (such as health information). <p>This information is documented from various sources in various forms such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ GP Records - Consultation Information sheets Serious Case Review reports Domestic Homicide Review Reports ✓ Individual Agency Summary Reports ✓ Child Protection Plans ✓ 72 Hour incident forms / Serious Incident forms ✓ Individual Safeguarding reports Overview reports ✓ CHC Packages of Care ✓ GP Practitioner ✓ Performance report - GP Names and Professional Registration number 	<p>We share information accordingly to ensure duty of care and investigation as required with other partners that include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ The relevant Safeguarding Boards Local Authorities Police Healthcare professionals (i.e. their GP or mental health team) ✓ Providers we commission where relevant. 	<p>For the UK General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) purposes is Article 6(1)(e) ‘...exercise of official authority...’. For the processing of special categories data, the basis is Article 9(2)(b) – ‘processing is necessary for the purposes of carrying out the obligations and exercising specific rights of the controller or of the data subject in the field of employment and social security and social protection law...’</p>

Reimbursements to patients

As part of NHS policy, the LLR ICB is required to process and support financial payments to patients and their families when they have incurred financial expenses, such as through the Healthcare Travel Costs Scheme (<https://www.nhs.uk/using-the-nhs/help-with-health-costs/healthcare-travel-costs-scheme-htcs/>) .. NHS ML CSU is our data processor for reimbursement purposes.

Sources of personal data	Categories of personal data	Recipients of personal data	Legal basis for Processing
Patients Representatives of patients	Name Contact details NHS number	Patients Representative s of patients NHS ML CSU NHS Business Services Authority	As a data controller LLR ICB relies upon Article 6(1)(e) ‘...a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller’.

Invoice validation

Invoice validation is an important process as it involves using your NHS number to check that the correct LLR ICB is responsible for paying for your treatment. ML CSU is an accredited Controlled Environment for Finance (CEfF) under a Section 251 exemption, which enables them to process patient identifiable information on behalf of LLR ICB without consent for the purposes of invoice validation – CAG 7-07(a)(c)/2013. We will also use your NHS number to check whether your care has been funded through specialist commissioning, which NHS England will pay for. The process makes sure that the organisations providing your care are paid correctly.

Sources of personal data	Categories of personal data	Recipients of personal data	Legal basis for Processing
<p>The sources of data are providers who submit invoices to NHS Shared Business Services for payment.</p>	<p>The data required for effective invoice validations can be found in appendix B. of <i>Who Pays? Information Governance Advice for Invoice Validation</i> which you can find here:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o https://www.england.nhs.uk/wp-content/uploads/2013/12/who-pays-advice.pdf 	<p>NHS ML CSU will receive personal data relating to invoice validation as an accredited Controlled Environment for Finance.</p>	<p>For the UK General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) purposes is Article 6(1)(e) ‘...exercise of official authority...’ For special categories (health) data the basis is 9(2)(h) ‘...health or social care...’.</p>

Risk Stratification

Risk stratification is a process GPs use to help them to identify and support patients with long-term conditions and to help prevent unplanned hospital admissions or reduce the risk of certain diseases developing such as type 2 diabetes. This process is used for case-finding and is a type of profiling as it is the automated processing of personal data to analyse or predict health needs. However, this is not a solely automated process as whilst cases are identified through an automated process, no decisions are made automatically; they are made by the GP.

The LLR ICB also uses risk stratified data to understand the health needs of the local population in order to plan and commission the right services, which is called 'risk stratification for commissioning.' Risk stratification tools use historic information about patients, such as age, gender, diagnoses and patterns of hospital attendance and admission collected by [NHS Digital](#) from NHS hospitals and community care services. This is linked to data collected in GP practices and analysed to produce a risk score.

GPs are able to identify individual patients from the risk stratified data when it is necessary to discuss the outcome and consider preventative care. However, the LLR ICB can never identify an individual from the risk stratified data that we see. Where the risk stratification process has linked GP data to health data obtained from other sources i.e. NHS Digital or other health care provider, the GP will ask for your permission to access the details of that information. NHS ML CSU is our data processor for risk stratification purposes.

Sources of personal data	Categories of personal data	Recipients of personal data	Legal basis for Processing
Personal data is supplied by GPs and NHS Digital (Secondary Use Services Data)	<p>Data from the GP Practice system will be obtained by using a "bulk data extract", uploaded directly by the risk stratification tool supplier from the practice system. Prior to the upload, the supplier will obtain permission from the practice to request the data from the practice system provider and the practice will notify their system providers that this permission has been granted.</p> <p>The data extract will EXCLUDE patients who have expressed a</p>	<p>The LLR ICBs Secondary Use Service (SUS) data and GP data which contains an identifier (usually NHS number) is made available to clinicians with a legitimate relationship with their patients to enable them to identify which patients should be offered targeted preventative support to reduce those risks. The LLR ICB does not have access to identifiable information.</p>	<p>For the UK General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) purposes is Article 6(1)(e) '...exercise of official authority...'</p> <p>For special categories (health) data the basis is 9(2)(h) '...health or social care...'</p>

wish not to share information. Reports produced from the system including identifiable data are only provided back to your GP or member of your care team as data controller in an identifiable form. Your GP can provide more information about any risk stratification programme they are using. Should you have any concerns about how your information is managed at the surgery please contact the Practice Manager to discuss how the disclosure of your personal information can be limited.

✓ The Secondary Uses Service (SUS) is the single, comprehensive repository for healthcare data in England which enables a range of reporting and analyses to support the NHS in the delivery of healthcare services. Information on care provided for all patients by health care providers (both NHS and independent sector healthcare providers for NHS patients only) must be submitted to the Secondary Uses Service according to the Commissioning Data Set Mandated Data Flows guidelines.

How we use information provided by NHS Digital

We use information collected by NHS Digital from healthcare providers such as hospitals, community services and GPs, which includes information about the patients who have received care and treatment from the services that we fund.

Sources of personal data	Categories of personal data	Recipients of personal data	Legal basis for Processing
	<p>The data we receive does not include patients' names or home addresses, but it will usually include information such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> NHS number Postcode Date of birth Ethnicity Gender Coded information about visits to clinics, Emergency Departments, hospital admissions and other NHS services. 		<p>For UK GDPR purposes LLR ICBs lawful basis for processing is 6(1)(e) '...exercise of official authority...'. For special categories (health) data the basis is 9(2)(h) '...health or social care...'. The Secretary of State for Health has given limited permission for us (and other NHS commissioners) to use certain confidential patient information when it is necessary for our work and unless we have a legal basis to use identifiable data; de-identified information is used for all purposes other than direct care. This approval is given under Regulations made under Section 251 of the NHS Act 2006 and is based on the advice of the Health Research Authority's Confidentiality and Advisory Group. In order to use this data, we have to meet strict conditions that we are legally required to follow, which includes making a written commitment to NHS Digital that we will not use information in any way that would reveal your identity.</p>

How we use information – Population Health Management

Population Health Management (or PHM for short) is aimed at improving the health of an entire population. It is being implemented across the NHS and the LLR ICB participates in PHM programmes across the local system.

PHM is about improving the physical and mental health outcomes and wellbeing of people and making sure that access to services is fair, timely and equal. It helps to reduce the occurrence of ill-health and looks at all the wider factors that affect health and care.

The PHM approach requires health care organisations to work together with communities and partner agencies, for example, GP practices, community service providers, hospitals and other health and social care providers.

These organisations will share and combine information with each other to get a view of health and services for the population in a particular area. This information sharing is subject to robust security arrangements.

Examples of how the information could be used for a number of healthcare related activities include;

- improving the quality and standards of care provided
- research into the development of new treatments
- preventing illness and diseases
- monitoring safety
- planning services

Sources of personal data	Categories of personal data	Recipients of personal data	Legal basis for Processing
<p>Personal data is supplied by GPs, Local Authorities, and NHS Digital (commissioning data sets). Sources of the data may also include local data flows from NHS and Non-NHS providers.</p>	<p>The information will include personal data about your health care. This information will be combined and anything that can identify you (like your name or NHS Number) will be removed and replaced with a unique code. This means that the people working with the data will only see the code and cannot see which patient the information relates to.</p> <p>The data will exclude patients who have expressed a wish not to share information. Your GP can provide more information about any population health management system they are using. Should you have any concerns about how your information is managed by your GP Practice please contact your GP Practice to discuss how the disclosure of your personal information can be limited.</p>	<p>Analysis of your data may be undertaken by external organisations who are acting on behalf of the LLR ICB. Your data will not be provided in an identifiable format.</p> <p>Where analysis identifies patients, who may benefit from an intervention, then this data may be provided to your GP Practice. Therefore, as a result of population health management, your GP may be able to offer you additional services.</p>	<p>For the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR) purposes is Article 6(1)(e) ‘...exercise of official authority...’</p> <p>For special categories (health) data the basis is 9(2)(h) ‘...health or social care...’.</p>

How we use information – Your Voice

The Your Voice Report + Support project aims to launch an online reporting platform (website) that will enable members of the University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust (UHL), Leicestershire Partnership Trust (LPT) and LLR ICB workforce to report incidents of bullying, harassment, sexual misconduct and discrimination.

This involves the purchasing and customisation of an online reporting tool built and licenced by Culture Shift Communications Ltd called Report + Support. The online tool will allow anonymous reporting, as well as reporting of incidents by third parties/witnesses. Users will also be able to provide their name and contact details and seek support from EDI services and Freedom to Speak Up Guardians (FTSU) across Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland (LLR). The reporting platform will be accessed through the LLR Academy website which will have a dedicated Your Voice page.

Besides the online submission of a report, this tool will provide data analysis and reporting functionality to monitor any trends of bullying, harassment and misconduct across the three organisations. A small number of staff from the organisation will be able to log into the administrative part of the tool to review the data entered by users. These will be in the form of incident reports and raw data.

Super admin users will be senior HR or EDI leads at each of the organisations. FTSU Guardians will have access to the system for reporting relating to their own organisation. Further info will be given within training for users before it goes live.

The system will offer case management features such as assigning and tagging cases/reports to staff such as FTSU Guardians or HR staff, as well as the recording of actions by admin staff (that relate to processing of reports). It is a cloud-based solution that hosted in the UK by Amazon Web Services (AWS).

Sources of personal data	Categories of personal data	Recipients of personal data	Legal basis for Processing
<p>The following categories of Personal Data will be collected:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) name; (b) email address; (c) telephone number (d) Employing organisation 	<p>The following special categories of Special Category data could be collected and shared between the Supplier and the Customer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Ethnicity/Race (b) Age (c) Long term condition / disability (d) Religion / belief (e) Sexual Orientation (f) Sex / gender (g) Gender reassignment / Transgender (h) Marriage and Civil Partnership (i) Pregnancy and Maternity (j) Sex life (k) Politics (l) Union membership / Staff side <p>Where the organisation uses a free text box at the point of reporting,</p>	<p>Aggregated and anonymised data regarding use of the platform will be published in relevant reports and shared with colleagues from other universities and colleges to inform what support systems to put in place across the region.</p> <p>Data will also be shared with Culture Shift, a third party that provides the platform for the YourVoice, Report and Support tool. Appropriate arrangements are in place with Culture Shift to protect personal data and to keep it secure.</p>	<p>For the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR) purposes is Article 6(1)(e) ‘...exercise of official authority...’. For the processing of special categories data, the basis is Article 9(2)(b) – ‘processing is necessary for the purposes of carrying out the obligations and exercising specific rights of the controller or of the data subject in the field of employment and social security and social protection law...’</p> <p>There are some circumstances in which we must disclose an individual’s information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) where we reasonably believe that an individual may be engaged in fraudulent, deceptive, or unlawful activity that a governmental authority should be made aware of; and (b) as required by any law (including UK GDPR 2020 & the Data Protection Act 2018). <p>For example, this may include where it is necessary to protect the safety of a person.</p>

	<p>additional personal and/or special category data could be provided by another person. In the event that a member of staff is named and/or identifiable in any way within the report, the organisation will seek to take appropriate action and it is their responsibility to inform that data subject.</p> <p>Where open data fields are used by organisation case workers, additional personal and/or special category data could be provided by another person and inputted by the case worker. In the event that a member of staff is named and/or identifiable in any way within the report, the organisation will seek to take appropriate action and it is their responsibility to inform that data subject.</p>		
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How we use information – Shared Care Record (LLR ShCR)

The LLR ShCR system is being developed by the health and social care partners with the intention of creating a joint electronic care record for service users (patients and social care clients) within the LLR Care Record area.

The LLR ShCR will support the delivery of integrated care by providing health and social care teams working together with a single point of access to information about the service user, collected from their separate medical and social care records.

The system allows Care Professionals within the LLR Health and Social Care community to view, personal and sensitive information about service users. The information held on this system will include Social Care data, as well as data provided by other primary and secondary healthcare providers in the LLR Health community.

The objective of the Shared Record programme is to provide interoperability between the disparate systems in the region, providing a golden thread of patient record information that is securely and appropriately available at the point of care across the full health and care system. There is a clear case for change that is focused around the ability to deliver safer, more effective and joined-up care and to achieve more efficient (and cost-effective) internal processes.

Sources of personal data	Categories of personal data	Recipients of personal data	Legal basis for Processing
<p>Information about the service user, collected from their separate medical and social care records.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appointments • Encounters • Allergy Intolerances • Conditions • Clinical Impressions • Observations • Diagnostic Reports • Medication Statements • Care Plans Presence (that incorporate End of life) • Questionnaires (that incorporates End of Life) • Care Teams • Referral Requests • Flags 	<p>This project is to allow partner organisations who have a legitimate relationship with an individual to provide direct care to them, to view the information held by other organisations which are also involved in individuals' direct care in order to obtain a complete picture of the individuals' requirements and improve clinical decisions. Each of these partner organisations are Data Controllers for the information they hold and are responsible for delegating the responsibility of Information Asset Owner for patient records within their organisation. These organisations are:</p> <p>Leicester City Council Leicestershire County Council Rutland Council University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust Leicestershire Partnership NHS Trust East Midlands Ambulance Service GP practices across LLR</p>	<p>Yes - Direct care purposes. Covered by Article 6.1(e) and 9.2(h) of UK GDPR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The NHS Act 2006 • The Social Value Act 2012 • The Health & Social Care Act 2012 • The Health and Social Care (Safety and Quality) Act 2015 • The Mental Capacity Act 2005 • Mental Health Act 1983, 2007 • Local Safeguarding Children & Adults Boards Regulations 2006 (SI 2006/90) • Local Government Acts 1972, 2000, 2004 • The Localism Act 2011 • Common Law